Public

Reserve Policy

DERBYSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL



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Approval and Authentication

| Name | Job Title | Signature | Date |
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| Peter Handford | Director of Finance | | 26.1.16 |
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RESERVES POLICY

Introduction

This policy establishes a framework within which decisions will be made regarding the level of reserves held by the Council and the purposes for which they will be used and maintained.

Sections 32 and 43 of the Local Government Finance Act 2003 require local authorities to have regard to the level of resources needed to meet estimated future expenditure when calculating the annual budget requirement.

Definitions

Reserves are sums of money held by the Council to meet future expenditure. There are two principal types of reserves:

- (a) General non-specific reserves which are kept to meet short term, unforeseeable expenditure and to enable significant changes in resources or expenditure to be properly managed over the period of the Council's Five Year Financial Plan (FYFP). The Council's general revenue reserves are held in the General Reserve Balance.
- (b) Earmarked Reserves which are held for specific purposes and which are established either by statute or at the discretion of the Council.

A summary of all reserves, including in year movements and year-end balances are contained in the Council's Statement of Accounts.

General Reserve Balance

The Council will maintain an adequate level of General Reserve Balance to:

- Provide a working balance to cushion the impact of uneven cash flows and avoid unnecessary short term borrowing;
- Provide a contingency to cushion the impact of unexpected events or emergencies
- Plan for potential major items of expenditure.

The appropriate level of reserves for this purpose will be determined by the Council's FYFP, which will be reviewed annually and will be subject to approval by a meeting of the Council's Cabinet. However, the Council will not maintain levels of General Reserve balances that are excessive compared with appropriate minimum levels. In this context, "excessive" will be assessed and reviewed annually in the FYFP with regard to:

- The projected level of General Reserve balance at the end of the FYFP, less the appropriate minimum level;
- The annual planned use of reserves in each year of the FYFP;

 The impact of sudden large changes in annual use of balances on services or Council Tax levels.

The adequacy of the General Reserve Balance will be determined by assessing the financial risks associated with meeting continuing obligations to provide services. The risk assessment will be reviewed annually.

The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) has issued guidance about the factors which should be taken into account in determining the overall level of reserves and balances. These are:

- Assumptions regarding inflation;
- Estimates of the level and timing of capital receipts;
- Treatment of demand-led pressures;
- Treatment of savings;
- Risks inherent in any new partnerships;
- Financial standing of the Authority (i.e. level of borrowing, debt outstanding, etc.)
- The Authority's track record in budget management;
- The Authority's capacity to manage in year budget pressures;
- The Authority's virements and year-end procedures in relation to under and over-spends;
- The adequacy of insurance arrangements.
- · An assessment of external risks
- Impact of major unforeseen events; and
- Likely level of Government support following major unforeseen events.

The General Reserve Balance will be reviewed and projections on future balances will be made at key points during the financial year, namely as part of the budget setting process and update of the FYFP. In exceptional circumstances, the actual level of the Council's balance may fall below the level which is considered appropriate. This is consistent with the need to provide to meet short-term unforeseen expenditure. However, the actual level will be monitored against balances outlined in the FYFP. The plan will set out the level of planned balances, as well as confirming acceptable thresholds above or below the balance. If the balance falls outside of the planned tolerance levels, a plan will be agreed by the Council to restore balances to the appropriate level.

Earmarked Reserves

Departments may establish Earmarked Reserves from within their cashlimited budgets to properly reflect on-going financial commitments, fund future service developments or expenditure of an uneven nature. Earmarked Reserves are not available to the Council for use in its budget and Council Tax setting process. They are required for specific purposes and are a means of building up funds to meet known or predicted liabilities. These reserves have no upper threshold on them; however, individually their limit and purpose must be approved before they are created using the following approval limits:

- Up to £20,000 Strategic Director in consultation with Director of Finance
- Between £20,000 and £100,000 Approval by Cabinet Member
- Above £100,000 Approval by Cabinet

Balances carried forward from previous year's underspend will be allocated to a departmental reserve and proposals for their use will be subject to final approval by the Cabinet Member.

Balances should be reasonable for the purpose held and must be used for the item for which they have been set aside, if circumstances arise to which the reserve is no longer required for its original purpose, they should be transferred to the General Reserve. In order to establish that they are fit for purpose, there will be a review of balances on a quarterly basis, the outcomes of which will be formally reported to Cabinet at least annually.

Earmarked Reserves will be analysed into the following categories:

- **Grants** Any reserve that was created through the receipt of a grant to which its use is restricted to the degree that if it is not used for that purpose then the Council would become liable to repay the grant.
- Committed Liabilities Genuine liabilities that are known and current to the Council (this does not include holding a balance to cover possible future liabilities).
- **RCCO required** These are items where the reserve is held to meet the funding required by the capital programme.
- **Not Controlled by Council** predominantly this is money which is controlled by schools, however also includes resources held on behalf of partnerships and other Councils.
- Contribution to General Reserve These balances are no longer required for their original purpose and are available to be returned to the General Reserve Balance.
- Other all other earmarked reserve balances, most likely to be balances held for potential future liabilities.

School Reserves

School balances are held for two main reasons; as a contingency against financial risks and to meet planned commitments in future years.

Schools are encouraged to retain, where possible, a modest balance towards future liabilities and potential need for replacement of equipment. In order to allow the local authority to monitor schools' financial positions, governing bodies will be asked to report to the local authority on the use which the

schools intend to make of surplus balances. The local authority will focus particularly on those schools which have built up significant excessive uncommitted balances and/or where some level of redistribution would support improved provision across a local area.

OBTAINING ALTERNATIVE VERSIONS OF THIS DOCUMENT

A summary of this document may be made available in Braille, on audio tape, in large print on request from the Call Derbyshire contact centre:

Phone: 08456 058 058

E-mail: contact.centre@derbyshire.gov.uk

The document, as well as summary versions, is also available on the Council's website at www.derbyshire.gov.uk