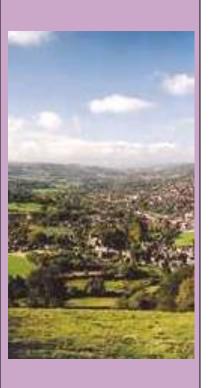
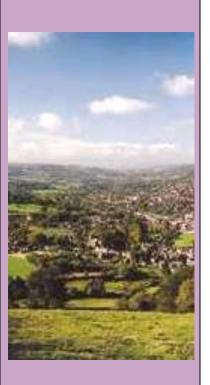
HARASSMENT & BULLYING



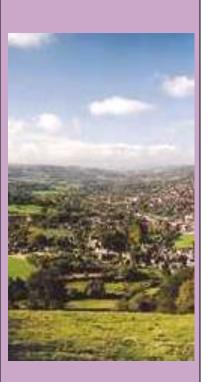
Briefing for Managers

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES



- What constitutes harassment and bullying
- Similarities & differences
- Employee survey / background
- Barriers to complaints
- Effects of harassment / bullying
- Bullying / firm management?
- Prevention
- Tackling issues
- Our procedures dealing with cases

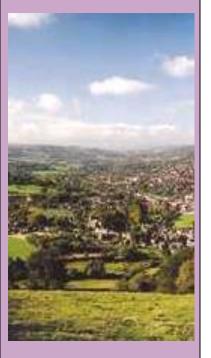
What constitutes harassment / bullying?



- "unwanted conduct related to a relevant protected characteristic, which has the purpose or effect of violating an individual's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for that individual."
- "offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting behaviour, an abuse or misuse of power through means that undermine, humiliate, denigrate or injure the recipient."

(ACAS definitions)

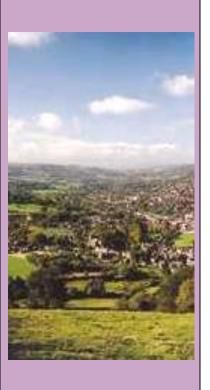
Similarities / Differences



- Both involve behaviour which harms, intimidates, threatens, victimises, undermines, offends, degrades or humiliates.
- Harassment is linked to anti-discrimination laws and will focus on a protected characteristic.
- Bullying is repeated inappropriate behaviour, direct or indirect and by one or more persons which undermines an individuals right to dignity.

Similarities

Derbyshire County Council



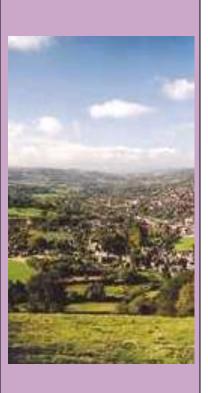
Similar behaviours

Both unacceptable

Negative effects

Differences

Derbyshire County Council

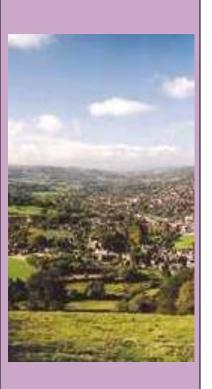


Physical factors / emotional factors

One off / ongoing

Apparent / Insidious

Employee Survey



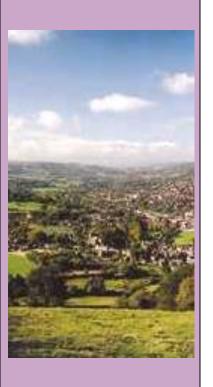
No. of responses: 4500

• % of responses: 30%

Bullied / Harassed? 359

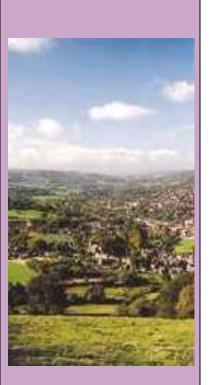
% Bullied Harassed 7.5

Barriers to Complaints



Why do people not come forward with complaints?

Effects of bullying / harassment



For the individual:

Physical symptoms

State of mind

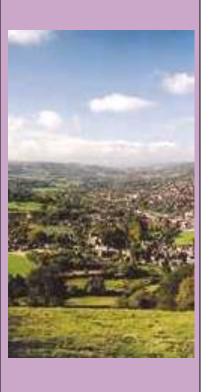
Behaviour

Negative outlook

PUBLIC

Derbyshire Council

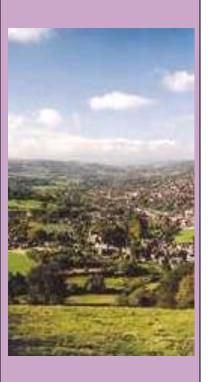
Effects of bullying / harassment



For the organisation

- Reduced productivity
- Increase in absenteeism
- Premature ill health / retirement
- High levels of staff turnover
- Damage to reputation
- Costs of legislation

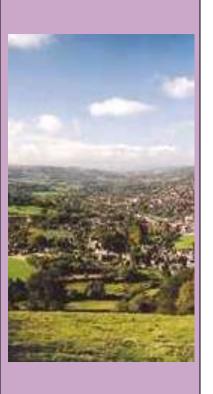
Bullying or Firm Management?



- Differentiation bullying / harassment or firm management?
- Firm management
 - Positive
 - -Clear
 - -Fair
 - -Consistent

Subjective?

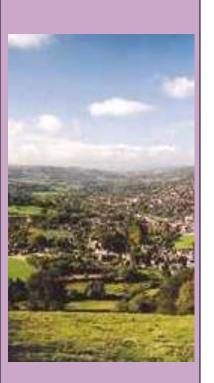
Bullying or Firm Management



Strong Management

- Set a good example
- Consult employees
- Discuss problems
- Direct / clear instructions
- Give explanations
- Listen to feedback
- Communicate expectations

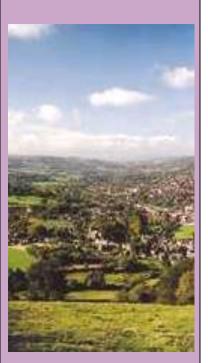
Bullying or Firm Management



Bullying

- Making threats
- Handing out physical / verbal abuse
- Humiliating people in front of others
- Refusing to listen to staff concerns
- Ignoring people for promotion
- Needlessly reviewing someone's work
- Sending intimidating or hurtful emails or text messages – cyber bullying

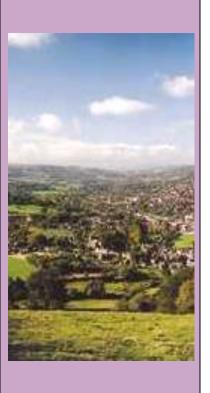
Tackling bullying / harassment



- Why might staff find this difficult?
 - Fear of confrontation
 - Fear of the consequences
 - Fear they may be next
 - Relief it is not them being picked on
 - May even collude with the bully to avoid attention

PUBLIC

Tackling bullying / harassment



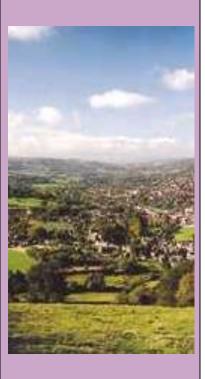
- How to tackle it
- Take the lead
- Tackle it where necessary
- Clarify expected behaviours
- Constructive criticism
- Destructive criticism

Constructive Criticism – Strong Management

Focuses on



- Facts
- Examples
- Explanations
- Improvements



Destructive Criticism – Bullying

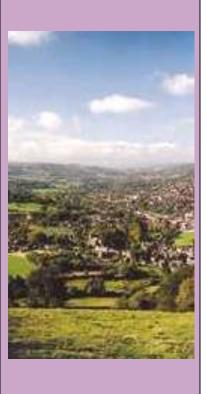
Focuses on



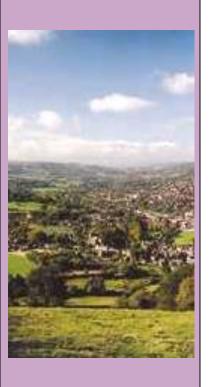
Personal insults

Allocating blame

Focusing on current situation



Preventing Harassment & Bullying



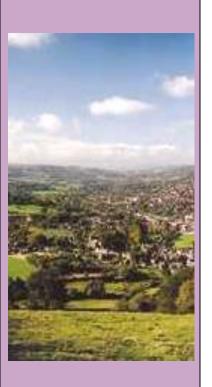
Quickly

Standards of behaviour

Examples

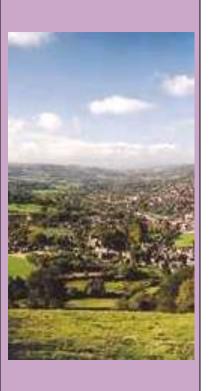
Head on

Responding to allegations



- Informal where possible
- Consider it seriously
- Make time immediately if possible
- Confidentiality
- Listen to the complaint
- Don't promise a result
- Explain the policy

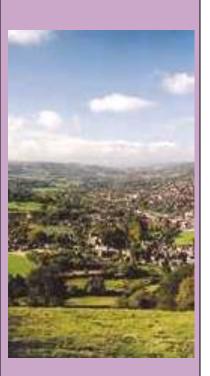
Responding to allegations



- Explain options
 - direct approach personal
 - direct approach supported
 - indirect approach

What to cover in the conversation

Formal complaints



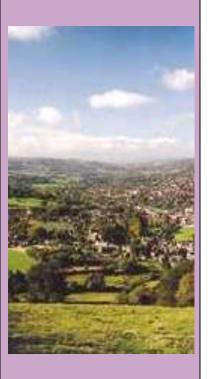
Seriousness of problem.

Reoccurrence of problem.

Dissatisfaction with result.

Personal choice.

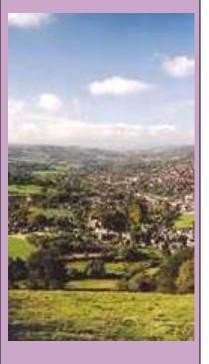
Undertaking an Investigation



- Timeliness
- Prepare in advance
- Complainant
- Person being complained about
- Witnesses
- Confidentiality
- Notes
- Facts not opinions

Outcome of an Investigation

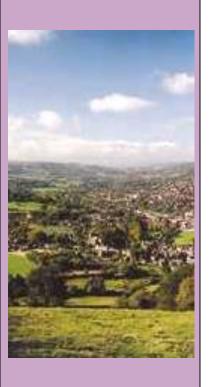
Upheld – Disciplinary



Not Upheld – Conciliated

Not upheld – Not conciliated

After the event



Monitor the situation

Consider mediation

Relocating employees